Application No.: NEW Docket No.: 4918-0104PUS1

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Original) A protective film for polarizing plates which comprises a thermoplastic film having a photoelastic coefficient of  $9.0\times10^{-12}$  Pa<sup>-1</sup> or smaller and a saturated water absorption smaller than 0.05% by weight and an antireflection layer formed by alternately laminating high refractivity layers and low refractivity layers at least on one face of the thermoplastic film and having a reflectance of 0.5% or smaller at a wavelength of 550 nm and has a standard deviation of S of 0.3 or smaller, wherein the standard deviation of S is obtained by obtaining a reflectance  $R(\lambda)$  at a wavelength  $\lambda$  in a region of wavelength of 380 to 780 nm while the wavelength  $\lambda$  is successively increased by an increment of 1 nm from 380 nm to 780 nm, calculating S in accordance with relation (1):

$$S = \sum_{\lambda=380}^{780} \Delta \lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \qquad \dots (1)$$

which gives a sum of products of the reflectance  $R(\lambda)$  at a wavelength of  $\lambda$  and the increment of the wavelength between two successive measurements of the reflectance  $\Delta\lambda$  (=1 nm), and calculating the standard deviation of S obtained at 10 points randomly selected within an area of  $100 \text{ cm}^2$  on a surface of the film.

2. (Original) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 1, wherein the antireflection layer is a layer formed at least on one face of the thermoplastic film while the thermoplastic film is brought into contact with a thermally conductive material having a surface temperature higher than [a glass transition temperature of the thermoplastic film - 130°C] and lower than the glass transition temperature of the thermoplastic film.

2 MSW/smt

Application No.: NEW Docket No.: 4918-0104PUS1

3. (Currently amended) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claims 1<del>or 2</del>, wherein the antireflection layer is a layer formed in accordance with a physical vapor deposition process or a chemical vapor deposition process.

- 4. (Currently amended) A protective film for polarizing plates according to any one of Claims 1 to 3 Claim 1, which further comprises at least one hard coat layer.
- 5. (Original) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 4, wherein the hard coat layer has an average surface roughness of 0.5  $\mu$ m or smaller.
- 6. (Currently amended) A protective film for polarizing plates according to any one of Claims 1 to 5 Claim 1, wherein an outermost surface of the thermoplastic film at a side having the antireflection layer has an electric resistance of  $1\times10^9 \Omega/\Box$  or smaller.
- 7. (Currently amended) A protective film for polarizing plates according to any one of Claims 1 to 6 Claim 1, wherein the thermoplastic film is a film comprising a polymer having an alicyclic structure.
- 8. (New) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 1, wherein the photoelastic coefficient is 8.0×10<sup>-12</sup> Pa<sup>-1</sup> or smaller.

3 MSW/smt

- 9. (New) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 1, wherein the standard deviation of S is 0.1 or smaller.
- 10. (New) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 4, wherein the thickness of the hard coat layer is from 0.5 to 30  $\mu$ .
- 11. (New) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 4, wherein the hard coat layer comprises a hard coat material which is curable by ionizing radiation.
- 12. (New) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 7, wherein the polymer having an alicyclic structure is a norbornene-based polymer.
- 13. (New) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 6, wherein the electric resistance is  $1 \times 10^8 \Omega/\Box$  or smaller.
- 14. (New) A protective film for polarizing plates according to Claim 1, wherein the thermoplastic film is obtained by a melt extrusion molding process using a T-die.